

Mt. Vernon Signal

FRIDAY, JULY 22, 1898

Published every Friday by
JAMES MARET.

SUBSCRIPTION ONE YEAR \$1.00

Advertising rates made known on
application

FOR CONGRESS
HON. G. G. GILBERT,
OF SHELBY.

THE Pathfinder is the name of
W. B. Hudson's new paper just
started at Barbourville. It is a
bright and crisp sheet and under
Mr. Hudson's guiding hand, we
predict a successful journal.

THE Gentry reunion which be-
gins at Crab Orchard Springs, Aug-
ust, will be the largest family re-
union that has ever occurred in
America.

THE following from Interior
Journal fits our case exactly:

While very much preferring
Gov. McCrae because we thought
him the best equipped and strongest
man, we shall give the Hon. G.
G. Gilbert, of Shelby, the nomi-
nee of the Danville convention
for congress in this district
our unqualified and cordial sup-
port. He is a good man, a capable
man and a sound democrat, and no
one who loves his party and desires
its success, will do otherwise than
work for and vote for the excellent
gentleman from Shelby.

EUROPEAN nations are having
their eyes opened on the subject of
American patriotism. The blue
and the gray march shoulder to
shoulder and the rich and the poor
meet on a common level. Among
Roosvelt's "rough riders" may be
found the sons of federal and
confederate soldiers, and sons of
millionaires of the east ride side by
side with the cowboy of the west-
ern plains. The solution of the
mystery is that we are a nation of
patriots, and that love of country
is common to all sections and classes.

R. S. Martin, Brodhead's tobacco
manufacturer, has expended, dur-
ing the existence of his factory
more than \$150,000 for leaf tobacco
and the labor in working it up.
Most of this money went to other
counties from the fact our people
have not taken enough interest in
tobacco raising to furnish this fac-
tory with but a small quantity of
the weed. This money could in
future easily be kept in the county
if her citizens would turn their at-
tention to their own interests in
this line. It has been fully demon-
strated, time and again, that our
soil is adapted to the culture of fine
and medium grades of tobacco.
Too many are engaged in getting
out fence posts, cross ties and the
like. It has been suggested that
inasmuch as there are thousands of
acres in the Southern part of this
county that can be bought at \$2
per acre that some of our enter-
prising citizens purchase a thou-
sand or so acres and colonize it
with families from North Carolina,
who are practical tobacco raisers or
from North and Central Kentucky
where great crops are raised but
the renter has to give the larger
portion for rent of ground. By so
doing it would be but a few years
before our county would be in a
much improved condition. Mr.
Martin who is an enterprising man
and who has done as much or more
than any citizen for the prosperity
of this locality, would gladly pur-
chase most if not all the tobacco
that is raised in the county besides
lending aid and assistance in getting
such a move on foot. Jealousies
should be thrown aside and every
encouragement lent to any legiti-
mate enterprise which tends to the
betterment of our people's interests.

Let the question be agitated and a
plan be formulated and carried out.

BRODHEAD.

Dr. Farris was in town Monday.
Dr. Atchison has returned from
Alabama.

Thomas Francisco is chilling
some these warm days.

Black berries in good demand
here at .05cts. per gallon.

J. W. Tate and wife went to
Crab Orchard Wednesday.

Rev. Livingston will preach here
next Saturday night and Sunday.

Manuel Ross, of Lebanon Junc-
tion, is visiting friends in the coun-
try.

W. T. Watson and Jerome Lay-
ton are receiving hogs here at 3cts.
per pound.

Messrs. Conard Hiatt and Hen-
ry Parker were here Wednesday
morning buying cattle.

Mr. Geo. W. Berry, wife and
little daughter, of Lexington, are
visiting Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Cherry.

Quite a number of people from
Level Green, Walnut Grove and
other places were here Wednesday
shopping.

All necessary preparations are
being pushed to meet the demands
of the thousands who will attend
the Fair here Aug. 17, 18, 19th.

Died, July 18, '98, Harvey
Green Howard, of Corbin, Ky., son
of Harvey Green Howard, of this
town. Mr. Howard had been fore-
man in the L. & N. shop at Corbin
for quite a while where he had
greatly endeared himself to the R.
R. officials. The people of Corbin
manifested their great love and es-
teem for their deceased fellow citizen
in a way that was highly com-
plimentary and showed the great
loving hearts of a Christian people.

Messrs. Sinkhorn, T. H. Red-
field, C. E. Redfield, Paulser De-
busk, A. B. Chestnut, John Isaacs,
Clarence Sinkhorn, Mrs. McFar-
land, Mrs. Tremble and Mrs. Chest-
nut accompanied the remains and
bereft to this place and took an
active part in the funeral leaving
not the slightest act of kindness or
respect undone. The bereft have
the sympathy and love of all.

LIVINGSTON

Tom Pettit spent Sunday in
Wildie.

John Graves was over from Paris
Sunday.

W. O. Burns was in Stanford
Sunday.

Mrs. C. A. Moore is visiting rel-
atives in Ohio.

Mrs. E. S. Elmore has returned
from a visit to relatives in Rowland.

Miss Lucy Baugh has returned
home after a visit to Miss Lida
Cook.

Mrs. R. C. Brown has returned
from a visit to relatives in Crab Or-
chard.

Miss Mary Doty, of Richmond,
is visiting her brother, R. A.
Sparks.

Mrs. M. J. Gooden and Miss
Lizzie Browning were in Pine Hill
Sunday.

Mrs. Lula Maddox, of Withers,
was the guest of Mrs. Dr. Cooper
this week.

Mrs. Bowman Smith, of McKin-
ney, is visiting her brother S. D.
McKinney.

Prof. Chandler has returned to
Brodhead where he began teaching
last Monday.

Miss Annie Ashlock, of Stanford,
is visiting her sister, Miss Mary,
at Pope Hotel.

W. S. Cummins has moved his
stock of goods into his new store
on Main Street which is just com-
pleted.

John Walton has moved back to
town and taken charge of the hotel
again where his friends will find
him. Mr. Griffin moving back to
his house on main street.

ADAMS GROVE

Aug. 6th.
Big Picnic.

Two Miles East of Brodhead.

Mrs. E. Fishback has returned
from a visit to her father, B. P.
King, of Moreland.

Mat Ballard was down from
Goochland last week and reports
we are glad to say, his father, T. J.
Ballard much better.

Mr. and Mrs. L. A. Pettus at-
tended the burial at Crab Orchard
Monday of little Edith, the daughter
of Mr. and Mrs. H. D. Campbell

Dr. C. W. Smock, member of
the State Board of Health was here
Monday on his way to the infected
small pox districts of Jackson coun-
ty. He reports 42 cases of genu-
ine small pox in Rose Town on
Horse Lick.

Mr. and Mrs. Browning were
tained last week in honor of Miss
Browning's sister, Miss Lizzie. At
the proper time refreshments were
served and it was with much reluc-
tance that the guests took their de-
parture. It is useless to say that
an enjoyable time was had.

John, the little son of T. B. Lair,
seems to be very unlucky for a little
fellow. Just after being able to
get around after having his leg
broken had the misfortune to have
a large wall clock fall on him and
mashed his face awfully, broke his
nose and otherwise bruised him up,
but we are glad to say is doing
nicely.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the
Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*.

John C. Atcheson, was here Sat-
urday from Danville looking up
students for Centre College.

Persons troubled with diarrhoea
will be interested in the experience
of Mr. W. M. Bush, clerk of Hotel
Dorrance, Providence, R. I. He

says: "For several years I have
been almost a constant sufferer
from diarrhoea. The frequent attacks
completely prostrating me and ren-
dering me unfit for my duties at
hotel. About two years ago a trav-
eling salesman kindly gave me a
small bottle of Chamberlain's Colic
Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy.
Much to my surprise and delight its
effects were immediate. Whenever

I felt symptoms of the disease I
would fortify myself against the
attack with a few doses of this val-
uable remedy. The result has been
very satisfactory and almost com-
plete relief from the affliction."
For sale by M. C. & D. N. Wil-
liams.

If you are a subscriber to the
SIGNAL you can get the Weekly
Louisville Dispatch for 50cts.

" Commercial, 40cts.
" Courier Journal,
(twice a week) 25cts.
" Post, Daily, \$1.75

Cincinnati Inquire 50cts.
Chattanooga, Farm & Trade 25cts.
tf.

Everything will be sold at cost
and the entire stock is closed out

MRS. S. C. FRANKLIN.

DAVIS & SON

—DEALERS IN—
General Merchandise

Come to see us. Will sell you honest goods at fair prices.
ASH AND SMALL PROFITS IS OUR MOTTO.
corner of Old Main and Church Sts
MT. VERNON, KY.

Brodhead Marble Works

W. H. COLLYER, PROPRIETOR.

MANUFACTURER AND DEALER IN
Monuments and Tomb Stones.

Mt. Vernon

Collegiate-Institute,

[IN CONNECTION WITH CENTRE COLLEGE.]

all Session Opens September 6, 1898.

Academic, Intermediate, and

Primary, Departments.

Special Normal Work for Teachers

L. M. SCROGGS, Principal

Livingston

Town Lots
for business
and Dwelling
Houses.

In the most desirable
Part of Town near
new Depot. call and see
them.

Wm. FIELDS

GREEN FRONT

Drug Store

Drugs, Medicines, Groceries,

TOBACCO AND CIGARS

Cheap, Cheaper, Cheapest.

C. C. DAVIS & CO.

Skin Diseases.

For the speedy and permanent cure
of tetter, salt rheum and eczema, Chamberlain's
Eye and Skin Ointment is without an equal. It relieves the it-
ching and smarting almost instantly and its
continued use effects a permanent cure.
It also cures itch, barber's itch,
scald head, sore nipples, itching piles,
chapped hands, chronic sore eyes and
grated hids.

Dr. Cady's Condition Powders for
horses are the best tonic, blood purifier
and vermifuge. Sold by

25 cents. Sold by

25 cents.

Be Sure And Go To The Grand Picnic At Adams Grove Aug. 6th

Mt Vernon Signal.

MT. VERNON, KY., JULY 22, 1898

Entered at the Mt. Vernon, Ky., Post-office as second-class mail matter



L & N. LOCAL TIME CARD.
Day Mail North..... 11:39 a m
Day Mail South..... 2:22 p m
Night Ex. North..... 1:34 a m
Night Ex. South..... 1:48 a m
J. A. LANDRUM, Agent.

CHURCHES.
Christian—Holds services 1st & 3d Sunday at 11 a.m. and at 6:30 p.m.

Baptist Church—Services on the Second Saturday night and Sunday. Sunday School at 9 a.m. every Sunday. Prayer meeting on Tuesday nights. Rev. J. C. Carmichael, pastor.

Presbyterian—Holds services on the 4th Sunday

MASONIC.
Ashland Lodge No. 640 meets 2d Monday 10 A.m.

LOCAL & OTHERWISE.

Pay your dues to Signal.

A. C. Stapp was in from Louisville.

N. M. Shumate called on us a few days since.

S. A. Coyle escaped from the rock pile here last Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. R. E. Thompson are here from Garrard.

Billy Simpson gives us an interesting letter from Camp Corbin.

A. E. Albright is out on the line advertising Brodhead Fair.

Miss Fannie McFerron will teach the Oak Hill school.

H. J. McClure, of Paris, is visiting home folks.

Miss Berda Martin began her school at Gum Sulpher Monday.

Miss Maud Miller, of Lancaster is visiting relatives here.

Miss Helen Smith, of Frankfort, is visiting Miss Bessie Miller.

Dannie Owens was up from Brodhead Monday.

Miss Randie McKenzie has been on a visit to Preacherville relatives.

Mrs. Sue Mullins was up from Livingston Tuesday.

A. C. Stapp was here this week from Louisville visiting his family.

Grove Kennedy telegraph operator is with Signal corps at Chickamauga.

J. J. Damron has sold several pianos and organs of the best make in past few weeks.

Mrs. Burt Nelson of Pulaski; has been visiting the family of James Landru.

Greenham was down from London Sunday to see his brother Sam.

Mrs. F. M. Cummins, of the Wabash neighborhood, died Friday last.

William Isinger has been appointed constable in place of Walter Sargent, signed.

Mr. Houk, trustee of jury fund says money is now ready for jurors of the May term.

The Rockcastle boys of Colson's regiment have been assigned to company G.

Able Pennington and John Gentry came home Sunday on furlough from Camp Corbin.

"It takes five minutes till half past four," was he way a man here answered an inquiry about the time of day.

Misses Georgia and Zula Jones, two pretty girls, of Middleboro, are visiting their sister Mrs. L. W. Bethurum.

The label on your paper gives the date to which you have paid. Look at it now.

The Macabees Tent here is in a flourishing condition. They meet every Friday night and are getting new members right along.

"Monk" Taylor has a young chicken, named Dewey, that watches and chases every owl and cat from the garden and house.

The railroad company has named Scott's lime kiln two miles south of this place, White Rock, and quarry at Tunnel No. 3, Sparks' Quarry.

Mrs. Nannie Hooker and sisters Misses Clara and Lina Kennedy of Russellville and Misses May and Lucy Saunders of Crab Orchard are visiting Mrs. M. C. Williams.

Our excellent foreman, S. C. Franklin, with his family, is visiting father and mother at Athens. W. T. Davis is working in his place on SIGNAL.

Steve B. Ramsey, of this county is using a coffee mill that is more than a hundred years old. It was used by his great-great-grandfather in Virginia and was brought to Kentucky eighty years ago.

Bob Hiatt, a darky, who spent three years in Michigan City pen on charge of attempted mail robbery in Laurel, is sojourning at this place. He is better known as "Snowball."

There should be a large crowd at Brodhead Fair first day, there will be four good races. A baby show, worst Turn Out and all farmers and ladies department will be shown and no charge for entering them whatever.

The State Board of Health again calls the attention of our citizens to the importance of vaccination as a preventive against small pox and strongly advise every body to be vaccinated. That dread disease is virtually at our door, being in Laurel, Jackson and Clay.

The best way for a young man to begin who is without friends or influence is first, by getting a position; second, keeping his mouth shut; third, observing; fourth, being faithful; fifth, making his employer think he would be lost in a fog without him, and sixth, being polite.—Russell Sage.

Hon. G. G. Gilbert, Democratic candidate for congress, will address our people at Adams Grove Picnic, two miles East of Brodhead on Saturday Aug. 6th. Hon. J. W. Yerkes and other noted speakers have been invited and are expected to be present and deliver speeches. An immense crowd is expected.

The Mt. Vernon Brass Band is keeping up its practice under their excellent teacher and leader, W. F. McClary who is a talented musician of unusual merit. They have added many new pieces and are prepared to furnish the best of music for Fairs, Picnics and other public gatherings.

Are you paying for what you are reading.

There is small pox in Jackson, Clay and Laurel. The origin has been traced to Richmond, from whose pest house a subject escaped and went to Jackson, some months since, and the disease which is of a light form has spread from there into Clay and Laurel. The State Board of Health are in charge and will use every effort to eradicate the plague.

Messrs W. R. Scott and J. F. Murphy were up from Danville Saturday looking over their lime works at White Rock. They are expecting to fire their kiln inside of three weeks. The plant is being put in of first-class material and workmanship. Considerable money has already been expended and our people are reaping benefits from the works. It is the intention of the company to make it a Rockcastle institution, as far as possible, by employing local labor, coal, and other supplies. The firm is composed of first-class men of good business qualifications and there is not a doubt of the success of the undertaking.

Misses Georgia and Zula Jones, two pretty girls, of Middleboro, are visiting their sister Mrs. L. W. Bethurum.

These duns mean you, if you owe on subscription.

A gay picnic party went from here to Langford Saturday and were joined by parties from Conway, Buckeye, Wildie and Langford. Among those from this place were, Mrs. Cleo Brown, Misses Lena Newcomb, Fannie McFerron, Sue, Annie and Aza Thompson, Lillie Grant, Bobbie Davis, Ida M. Adams, Alza L. Brown, Mattie Williams, Florelle Brown, Iola Hansel, Mrs. A. Bright, Mrs. L. B. Adams, Edgar Albright, W. J. Newcomb, Chas. Davis, L. M. Bostwell, Judge Williams, Willie Henderson, Sam Denham, Chas. Henderson and W. F. McClary.

If you want to get mad about it and pay up your dues, very well and good. Its better that way than to keep in good humor and never pay.

CAMP CORBIN—Lexington, Ky. July 14th, 1898.

Dear SIGNAL: Co. G. sends greetings. Every one in good health and high spirits. Under

the branches of a pine tree stands a tent which is known as Piney Branch. In this tent resides twelve gentlemen from Rockcastle; the aforesaid tent is the most orderly tent in the camp, but when the shades of night approach and all honest people are in the bed sleeping soundly, you can hear any sound from the chirping of a cricket to the bellowing of a bull. All honor, for such a variety of mimicry be to the twelve gentlemen that reside therein. All the camp expresses their heartfelt sympathy for the gallant lad David Herrin who wished to meet the Spaniards and bare his bosom to the hail of their merciless bullets, and they lament with tears that the heartless doctors should have rejected him.

The other day man tried to override chief cook Tommy Thompson's table laws, but Tommy was at his post and enforced it with a butcher-knife; after a hot argument and cries of "hold him!" "ketch him!" The smoke all cleared up and we found that no one was hurt. An arrogant newspaper man was recommended to Col. Colson as first Sargent for our company; and was in such as, but the Rockcastle boys thought different and promoted him to the rank of private in company G. I am now in headquarters of our company with Lieut. Lewis, he has a nice little cot on which to spend his time that he is not spending at the table. We have for our guest today James Croucher, an old resident of Rockcastle county. The boys are always glad to have him with them. Abel Pennington is with us and well satisfied for he is Corporal of the commissary department for company G. Our examination took place last Saturday and there were few rejected. The doctors said we were the finest lot of men they had examined. We were mustered in Wednesday evening and took the oath of allegiance to our country and its flag. We will receive our uniforms on the 16th then we will become soldiers in fact. The most exciting incident that has occurred in our company, or in the regiment was over private Isaacs who refused to muster in the evening we started to muster. Lieut. Lewis prevailed on him to fall in but he flatly refused; he was taken before Col. Colson but still refused he was then sent to the guard house, kept there for two hours he was then placed in front of two sentinels; the drum and fife were called for, all the companies formed in line. They played the "Rogue's March," and the poor fellow was marched down the line to be hissed at and called coward! deserter! and a great many other nice names which he will remember as long as he lives. We expect to leave here for Chickamauga or San Francisco as soon as the last company is mustered in which will be in a few days. All are anxious to get to the front and return with Spanish scalps dangling from their belts.

Our friends should address letters to Care Capt. Treadway, Co. G. Camp Corbin, Lexington, Ky.

BILLY SYMPSON.

J. C. Roberts was here from Stanford Yesterday.

August 18th, is the day set for the execution of the negro George Stephenson who killed young Tilley at Crab Orchard on July 4th,

PICNIC.—Owing to its having rained on July 4th, I will have another picnic at my beautiful grove 2 miles east of Brodhead, for the accommodation of all, especially those who missed the enjoyment of the day on account of the rain. Everything will be done to make the day enjoyable. Come everybody.

W. G. ADAMS.

A BARGAIN. Farm of 130 acres east of Brodhead. House of 8 rooms good barn and outbuildings 500 bearing fruit trees. Under fence and well watered. Address

JESSIE ROBERTS,

45- Brodhead, Ky.

Our baby has been continually troubled with colic and cholera infantum since his birth and all that we could do for him did not seem to give more than temporary relief until we tried Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy.

Since giving that remedy he has not been troubled. We want to give you this testimonial as an evidence of our gratitude not that you need it to advertise your meritorious remedy.—G. M. LAW, Keokuk, Iowa.

For sale by M. C. & D. N. Williams Mt. Vernon Ky.

ADMINISTRATORS SALE:

As Administrator of the estate

of Mrs. Mattie Carter,

deceased, I will on Friday

July 29th, 1898, between the hours

of 10 a.m. and 3 p.m., sell at public auction on the premises of deceased

in Brodhead Ky. the household

and kitchen furniture. Those in

debt to the estate will please be

on hands and settle. Those holding

claims against the estate will

please present same properly proven

W. B. WHITEHEAD,

Administrator.

John Gentry got a furlough and left here a foot to-day. He will reach Mt. Vernon about sun-down Sunday.

Big John Parker thinks we are to go to Central America.

Dave Barns is counted among the missing.

Lieut. Lewis will come home Sunday if the tailors get his uniform finished.

Tom McClure is getting fat.

Albert Albright is a member of the regimental band. He is now at home for a few days.

We have an excellent drill master. We drill two hours in forenoon and two after.

Tell Logan Thompson to come over and bring a dollar along to get tobacco for the boys.

John Rickels is happy.

The SIGNAL is a very welcome visitor to company G.

Tommy Thompson is the clown of the company, and chief cook and bottle-washer.

Lieut. Dillon makes a fine appearance in uniform.

Wm. Browning, though the smallest man in the company, keeps up with the biggest of them.

A half dozen Spanish scalps have been ordered sent to Mt. Vernon to adorn the belts of the Rockcastle deserters.

The three Whitaker boys, Burdine, Jim and Dick, are with us and will make good soldiers.

Our company is composed mostly of Owlsley and Rockcastle men, but have men from nearly every eastern county and two from Germany.

Emil Suter, stone mason, from Mt. Vernon, is a German veteran of ten years service in the old country.

Emil Henzman walks as straight and erect as an old veteran.

Our friends should address letters to Care Capt. Treadway, Co. G. Camp Corbin, Lexington, Ky.

BILLY SYMPSON.

J. C. Roberts was here from

Stanford Yesterday.

August 18th, is the day set for the execution of the negro George Stephenson who killed young Tilley at Crab Orchard on July 4th,

PICNIC.—Owing to its having rained on July 4th, I will have another picnic at my beautiful grove 2 miles east of Brodhead, for the accommodation of all, especially those who missed the enjoyment of the day on account of the rain. Everything will be done to make the day enjoyable. Come everybody.

W. G. ADAMS.

A BARGAIN. Farm of 130 acres east of Brodhead. House of 8 rooms good barn and outbuildings 500 bearing fruit trees. Under fence and well watered. Address

JESSIE ROBERTS,

45- Brodhead, Ky.

Our baby has been continually troubled with colic and cholera infantum since his birth and all that we could do for him did not seem to give more than temporary relief until we tried Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy.

Since giving that remedy he has not been troubled. We want to give you this testimonial as an evidence of our gratitude not that you need it to advertise your meritorious remedy.—G. M. LAW, Keokuk, Iowa.

For sale by M. C. & D. N. Williams Mt. Vernon Ky.

ADMINISTRATORS SALE:

As Administrator of the estate

of Mrs. Mattie Carter,

deceased, I will on Friday

July 29th, 1898, between the hours

of 10 a.m. and 3 p.m., sell at public auction on the premises of deceased

in Brodhead Ky. the household

and kitchen furniture. Those in

debt to the estate will please be

on hands and settle. Those holding

claims against the estate will

please present same properly proven

W. B. WHITEHEAD,

Administrator.

STRANING A FRIENDSHIP.

A Story Which Snapped the Bonds That United Two Sweet Young Things.

They were standing at the counter, and I couldn't help but hear.

"Talk about hard luck," said the girl with the hot chocolate. "I know a woman who had an awful thing happen to her over in New York."

"Oh, do tell me about it," gurgled the girl with the ice cream soda.

"Well," went on the chocolate girl, "she's not wealthy at all, you know, and she doesn't know a nurse. So, one day, when she had to go down town shopping, she took her baby, and left it at one of these day nursery creche places. They gave me a check for it, and she went off shopping. She didn't come back to the creche till late in the afternoon, and when she went to take out the check it was gone."

"Good gracious!" said the girl with the ice cream soda, looking shocked. "What did she do?"

"Well," went on the chocolate girl, "they told her she couldn't take the baby without a check, and she'd have to wait till the other babies were taken away, and then she could have what was left. So she waited for hours and hours, till all the babies were gone but one, and when she went to get that—well, that only baby left was a colored baby."

"Oh, how perfectly awful!" exclaimed the girl with the ice cream soda, in accents of horror. "What did she do? Wasn't she perfectly frantic? My goodness, how horrible! Didn't she ever get her baby back again? I should think she'd have been perfectly crazy. What did she do?"

"Oh, said the chocolate girl, coolly, "she took the colored baby. It was hers. She was colored, you know."

And in the silence which followed I could hear the snapping of the bonds of a tender and lifelong friendship.—Washington Post.

The Climate of Cuba.

Because of frequent rains in Cuba, malaria fevers are a common ailment there, just as they are in many sections of the United States. Although of the kind, matter in what part of the globe they occur, are quickly cured with Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. Besides being a specific for malarial troubles, these Bitters also make pure blood, strong nerves and muscles, and firm, healthy flesh. They have no equal for dyspepsia and constipation.

No Cause for Alarm.

Sofleight—Death loves a shining mark, it is said.

Miss Cutting—Oh, well, don't be uneasy; you're not so brilliant.—Chicago Evening News.

An Open Letter to Mothers.

We are asserting in the courts our right to the exclusive use of the word "Castoria," and "Pitcher's Castoria," as our trade mark. I, Dr. Samuel Pitcher, of Hyannis, Massachusetts, was the originator of "Pitcher's Castoria," the same that has borne and does now bear the fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher, every wrapper. This is the original "Pitcher's Castoria" which has been used in the homes of the United States for over thirty years. Look carefully at the wrapper and see that it is the kind you have always bought, and has the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher on the Wrapper. No one has authority from me to use my name except the Centaur Company, of which Chas. H. Fletcher is president.

STANUEL PITCHER, M. D.

March 8, 1897.

Safe.

Mrs. O'Flannigan—Ain't you afraid yer boy Dinny will git kill in the war?

Mrs. O'Flaherty—Not a bit of it. Sure, he's on wan of them protected cruisers.—N. Y. Journal.

Try Allen's Foot-Ease.

A powder to be shaken into the shoes. At this season you feel cold, nervous and hot, and get tired easily. If you have smarting feet or tight shoes, try Allen's Foot-Ease. It cools the feet and makes walking easy. Cures swollen and sweating feet, blisters and callous spots. Relieves corns and bunions of all pain and gives rest and comfort. Try it to-day. Sold by all druggists and shoe stores for 25c. Trial package FREE. Allen's Foot-Ease, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

Patent.

"Some young men," remarked the observer of men and things, "have such dazzling futures that they can't see where they are stepping."—Detroit Journal.

Cure a Cold in One Day

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund money if it fails to cure. 25c.

When a pretty girl has good, hard sense it indicates that she has an uncommonly sensible mother.—Atchison Globe.

After six years' suffering, I was cured by Piso's Cure. Mary Thomson, 29½ Ohio Ave., Allegheny, Pa., March 19, 94.

Nothing pleases us more than to get two inverted horns to boring each other.—Washington (Ia.) Democrat.

Hall's Cataract Cure

Is taken internally. Price 75c.

"Money talks." If there is any change coming to you, that's back talk.—L. A. W. Bulletin.

You Will Stand the Heat

Much more easily and comfortably by putting and keeping your body in trim condition by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla. It makes good blood, promotes proper circulation and keeps every organ operation free from friction.

Hood's Sarsa-parilla

Is America's Greatest Medicine.

Hood's Pills are gentle, mild, effective. All druggists.

Sour Stomach

"After I was induced to try CASCA-
META, I will never be without them in the house. My liver was in a very bad shape, and my head ached and I had trouble with it. Now since taking CASCA-META, I feel well. My wife has also used them with beneficial results for our stomachs."

JOS. KREILING, 121 Congress St., St. Louis, Mo.

CANDY CATHARTIC Cascareta

TRADE MARK REGISTERED

REGULATE THE LIVER

Pleasant, Palatable, Potent, Taste Good. Good, Never Stolen, Weakened, or Grimed. 50c.

CURE CONSTIPATION. ...

Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago, New York, 112.

HO-TO-BAG Sold and guaranteed by a drug-
gist to CURE Tobacco Fishtail.

A HISTORIC PAPER.

McKinley Issues Orders Instructing Gen. Shafter in the Santiago Government—New Epoch in History.

WASHINGTON, July 19.—A state paper that will be historic, marking an epoch in American history, was issued Monday night by direction of President McKinley.

By order of Secretary Alger, Gen. Corbin Monday night cabled the document to Gen. Shafter, in command of the military forces at Santiago. The paper is not only an authorization and instruction of Gen. Shafter for the government of the captured territory, but also a proclamation to the people of the territory of the intentions of the government of the United States regarding them and their interests. It marks the formal establishment of a new political power in the island of Cuba and insures to the people of the territory over which the power extends absolute security in the exercise of their private rights and relations, as well as security to their persons and property.

The first effect of the military occupation of the enemy's territory is the severance of the former political relations of the inhabitants, and the establishment of a new political power. Under this changed condition of things, the inhabitants so long as they perform their duties, are entitled to security in their persons and property and in all their private rights and relations.

The United States does not make war upon the inhabitants of Cuba, nor upon any party or faction among them, but to protect them in their homes, in their employments and in their personal and religious rights. All persons who, either by active aid or by honest submission, co-operate with the United States in its efforts to give effect to this beneficent purpose, will receive the reward of its support and protection.

Though the powers of the military occupant are absolute and supreme, and immediately operate upon the political condition of the inhabitants, the municipal laws of the conquered territory, such as affect private rights of person and property, and provide for the punishment of crime are considered as continuing in force, so far as they are comparable with the new order of things, until they are suspended or superseded by the occupying belligerent, and in practice they are not usually abrogated, but are allowed to remain in force and to be administered by the ordinary tribunal, substantially as they were before the occupation.

It is conceded that all public funds and securities belonging to the government of the country in its own right, and all arms and supplies and other movable property of such government, may be seized by the military occupant and converted to his own use. The real property of the state he may hold and administer, at the same time enjoying the revenues thereof, but he is not to destroy it save in the case of military necessity. All public means of transportation, such as telegraph lines, cables, railroads and boats belonging to the state may be appropriated to his use, but, unless in case of military necessity, they are not to be destroyed.

All churches and buildings devoted to religious worship and to the arts and sciences, all school houses, are, so far as possible, to be protected and all destruction or intentional defacement of such places of historical monuments or archives or of works of science or art is prohibited, save when required by urgent military necessity.

As the result of military occupation, the taxes and duties payable by the inhabitants to the former government become payable to the military occupant, unless he sees fit to substitute for them other rates or modes of contribution to the expenses of the government. The moneys so collected are to be used for the purpose of paying the expenses of government under the military occupation, such as the salaries of the judges and the police, and for the payment of the expenses of the army.

Private property taken for the use of the army is to be paid for when possible in cash at a fair valuation and when payments in cash is not possible, receipts are to be given.

All ports and places in Cuba which may be in the actual possession of our land and naval forces will be opened to the commerce of all neutral nations, as well as our own, in articles not contraband of war, upon payment of the prescribed rates of duty which may be in force at the time of the importation.

Private property taken for the use of the army is to be paid for when possible in cash at a fair valuation and when payments in cash is not possible, receipts are to be given.

All ports and places in Cuba which may be in the actual possession of our land and naval forces will be opened to the commerce of all neutral nations, as well as our own, in articles not contraband of war, upon payment of the prescribed rates of duty which may be in force at the time of the importation.

Private property taken for the use of the army is to be paid for when possible in cash at a fair valuation and when payments in cash is not possible, receipts are to be given.

All ports and places in Cuba which may be in the actual possession of our land and naval forces will be opened to the commerce of all neutral nations, as well as our own, in articles not contraband of war, upon payment of the prescribed rates of duty which may be in force at the time of the importation.

Private property taken for the use of the army is to be paid for when possible in cash at a fair valuation and when payments in cash is not possible, receipts are to be given.

All ports and places in Cuba which may be in the actual possession of our land and naval forces will be opened to the commerce of all neutral nations, as well as our own, in articles not contraband of war, upon payment of the prescribed rates of duty which may be in force at the time of the importation.

Private property taken for the use of the army is to be paid for when possible in cash at a fair valuation and when payments in cash is not possible, receipts are to be given.

All ports and places in Cuba which may be in the actual possession of our land and naval forces will be opened to the commerce of all neutral nations, as well as our own, in articles not contraband of war, upon payment of the prescribed rates of duty which may be in force at the time of the importation.

Private property taken for the use of the army is to be paid for when possible in cash at a fair valuation and when payments in cash is not possible, receipts are to be given.

All ports and places in Cuba which may be in the actual possession of our land and naval forces will be opened to the commerce of all neutral nations, as well as our own, in articles not contraband of war, upon payment of the prescribed rates of duty which may be in force at the time of the importation.

Private property taken for the use of the army is to be paid for when possible in cash at a fair valuation and when payments in cash is not possible, receipts are to be given.

All ports and places in Cuba which may be in the actual possession of our land and naval forces will be opened to the commerce of all neutral nations, as well as our own, in articles not contraband of war, upon payment of the prescribed rates of duty which may be in force at the time of the importation.

Private property taken for the use of the army is to be paid for when possible in cash at a fair valuation and when payments in cash is not possible, receipts are to be given.

All ports and places in Cuba which may be in the actual possession of our land and naval forces will be opened to the commerce of all neutral nations, as well as our own, in articles not contraband of war, upon payment of the prescribed rates of duty which may be in force at the time of the importation.

Private property taken for the use of the army is to be paid for when possible in cash at a fair valuation and when payments in cash is not possible, receipts are to be given.

All ports and places in Cuba which may be in the actual possession of our land and naval forces will be opened to the commerce of all neutral nations, as well as our own, in articles not contraband of war, upon payment of the prescribed rates of duty which may be in force at the time of the importation.

Private property taken for the use of the army is to be paid for when possible in cash at a fair valuation and when payments in cash is not possible, receipts are to be given.

All ports and places in Cuba which may be in the actual possession of our land and naval forces will be opened to the commerce of all neutral nations, as well as our own, in articles not contraband of war, upon payment of the prescribed rates of duty which may be in force at the time of the importation.

Private property taken for the use of the army is to be paid for when possible in cash at a fair valuation and when payments in cash is not possible, receipts are to be given.

All ports and places in Cuba which may be in the actual possession of our land and naval forces will be opened to the commerce of all neutral nations, as well as our own, in articles not contraband of war, upon payment of the prescribed rates of duty which may be in force at the time of the importation.

Private property taken for the use of the army is to be paid for when possible in cash at a fair valuation and when payments in cash is not possible, receipts are to be given.

All ports and places in Cuba which may be in the actual possession of our land and naval forces will be opened to the commerce of all neutral nations, as well as our own, in articles not contraband of war, upon payment of the prescribed rates of duty which may be in force at the time of the importation.

Private property taken for the use of the army is to be paid for when possible in cash at a fair valuation and when payments in cash is not possible, receipts are to be given.

All ports and places in Cuba which may be in the actual possession of our land and naval forces will be opened to the commerce of all neutral nations, as well as our own, in articles not contraband of war, upon payment of the prescribed rates of duty which may be in force at the time of the importation.

Private property taken for the use of the army is to be paid for when possible in cash at a fair valuation and when payments in cash is not possible, receipts are to be given.

All ports and places in Cuba which may be in the actual possession of our land and naval forces will be opened to the commerce of all neutral nations, as well as our own, in articles not contraband of war, upon payment of the prescribed rates of duty which may be in force at the time of the importation.

Private property taken for the use of the army is to be paid for when possible in cash at a fair valuation and when payments in cash is not possible, receipts are to be given.

All ports and places in Cuba which may be in the actual possession of our land and naval forces will be opened to the commerce of all neutral nations, as well as our own, in articles not contraband of war, upon payment of the prescribed rates of duty which may be in force at the time of the importation.

Private property taken for the use of the army is to be paid for when possible in cash at a fair valuation and when payments in cash is not possible, receipts are to be given.

All ports and places in Cuba which may be in the actual possession of our land and naval forces will be opened to the commerce of all neutral nations, as well as our own, in articles not contraband of war, upon payment of the prescribed rates of duty which may be in force at the time of the importation.

Private property taken for the use of the army is to be paid for when possible in cash at a fair valuation and when payments in cash is not possible, receipts are to be given.

All ports and places in Cuba which may be in the actual possession of our land and naval forces will be opened to the commerce of all neutral nations, as well as our own, in articles not contraband of war, upon payment of the prescribed rates of duty which may be in force at the time of the importation.

Private property taken for the use of the army is to be paid for when possible in cash at a fair valuation and when payments in cash is not possible, receipts are to be given.

All ports and places in Cuba which may be in the actual possession of our land and naval forces will be opened to the commerce of all neutral nations, as well as our own, in articles not contraband of war, upon payment of the prescribed rates of duty which may be in force at the time of the importation.

Private property taken for the use of the army is to be paid for when possible in cash at a fair valuation and when payments in cash is not possible, receipts are to be given.

All ports and places in Cuba which may be in the actual possession of our land and naval forces will be opened to the commerce of all neutral nations, as well as our own, in articles not contraband of war, upon payment of the prescribed rates of duty which may be in force at the time of the importation.

Private property taken for the use of the army is to be paid for when possible in cash at a fair valuation and when payments in cash is not possible, receipts are to be given.

All ports and places in Cuba which may be in the actual possession of our land and naval forces will be opened to the commerce of all neutral nations, as well as our own, in articles not contraband of war, upon payment of the prescribed rates of duty which may be in force at the time of the importation.

Private property taken for the use of the army is to be paid for when possible in cash at a fair valuation and when payments in cash is not possible, receipts are to be given.

All ports and places in Cuba which may be in the actual possession of our land and naval forces will be opened to the commerce of all neutral nations, as well as our own, in articles not contraband of war, upon payment of the prescribed rates of duty which may be in force at the time of the importation.

Private property taken for the use of the army is to be paid for when possible in cash at a fair valuation and when payments in cash is not possible, receipts are to be given.

All ports and places in Cuba which may be